

Center for Lunar Exploration and Space Program of CNSA

August 2011



- Objects and Significances
- General Plan
- First Stage
- Second Stage
- Third Stage

# Solution Program

#### Objects:

- 1. Embracing the lunar exploration technology;
- 2. Starting lunar scientific research and application study;
- 3. Involving in exploration, development and utilization
- of lunar resources for the future.

#### Significances:

- 1. beneficial to boost the innovation and development of basic science
- drive other high and new technologies to further leap.
   make contribution to establish technological base for the development of deep space exploration.



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## **General Plan for China's Lunar Program**

China's Lunar Exploration Program mainly focus on robotic exploration, which includes three stages. Missions of circumlunar exploration, soft landing and roving, and sample returning.

#### Three stages are:

"Circumlunar" 2002~2007 (First stage)
"Landing" 2008~2014 (Second stage)
"Return" 2015~2020 (Third stage)



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## China's Lunar Exploration Program-First stage

#### Circumlunar

The First Stage has been fulfilled by 2007. Aims are Launching circumlunar satellite and making exploration.

## Main tasks:

- To develop and launch first lunar exploration satellite;
- To explore landform and terrain of lunar surface;
- To make comprehensive exploration on distribution and principles of lunar resources;
- To explore the environment between the earth and the moon.



## China's Lunar Exploration Program-First stage

#### Progression

#### Circumlunar



Oct. 24, 2007 18:05, Chang' e-1, China' s first lunar exploration satellite, was launched in Xi-Chang Satellite Launch Center, and entered into preset orbit on time;

Nov.5, 2007, Chang' e-1 succeed in its first perilune brake, then entering into circumlunar orbit;

Nov. 7, 2007, Chang' e-1 satellite entered into lunar circle orbit;

## Schina's Lunar Exploration Program-First stage

#### Progression

Circumlunar

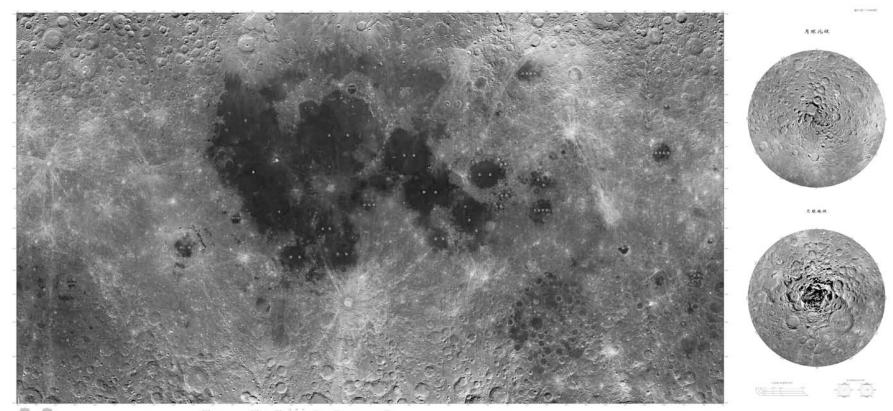
Nov. 26, 2007, Publication of first lunar-image made by Chang' e-1 marked the success of China's first Lunar Exploration Program; Oct. 24, 2008, Chang' e-1 satellite fulfilled its mission. All payloads on satellite have made efficient exploration with over 1.37TB scientific data obtaining from the mission;

#### Schina's Lunar Exploration Program-First stage

Circumlunar

# Nov. 12, 2008, The first full lunar surface image was published.

中国首次月球探测工程全月球影像图





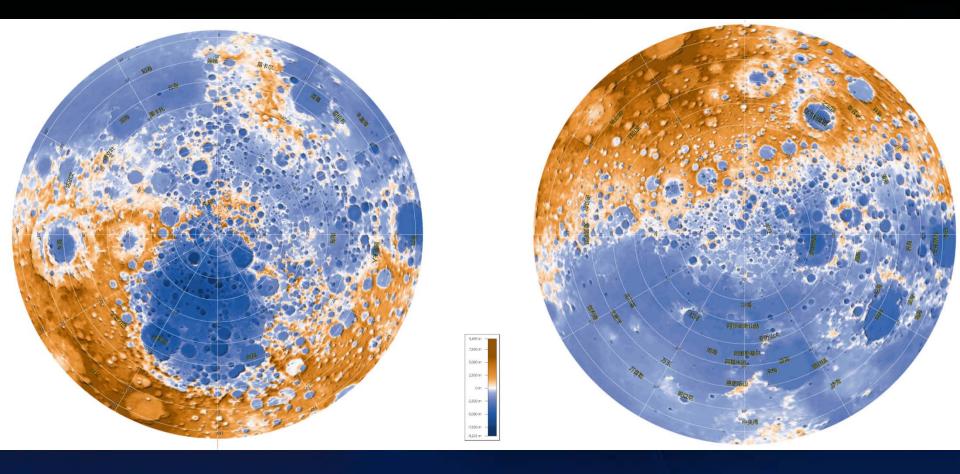


#### Full Lunar Surface Image Made by CCD Camera

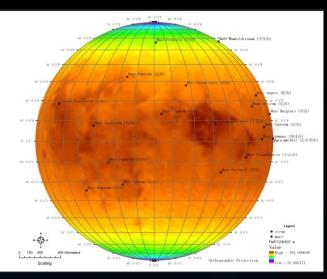




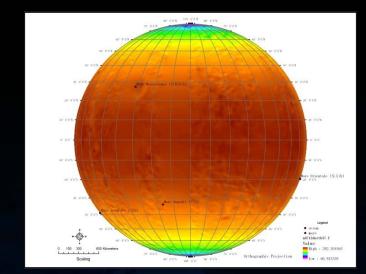
#### Full Lunar Surface Image Made by Laser Altimeter



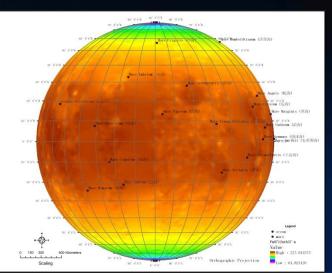
#### The micro-wave image of lunar in 37GHz

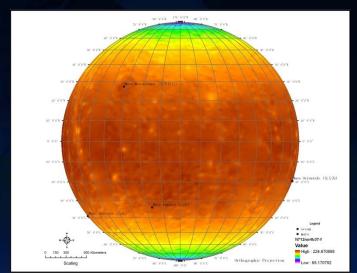


中国採用



#### 微波月亮 37GHz夜晚正面/背面





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#### China's Lunar Exploration Program-First stage

After completing preset targets, Chang'e-1 satellite remained in good condition.

In order to give full play to its ability, After a series of orbit experiments, on <u>Mar. 1<sup>st</sup> 2009</u>, Chang'e-1 satellite has successfully crashed on the Mare Fecunditatis, the preset target area.



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## China's Lunar Exploration Program-Second stage

Missions as follows:



# China's Lunar Exploration Program-

#### Landing



#### Chang'e-2 Mission

Based on the backup in circumlunar stage, Chang'e-2 satellite is mainly used for technological test. It's developed to verify parts of key technologies in second stage through technological improvement.



China's Lunar Exploration Program-Second stage

#### Landing



#### Based on technologies in CE-2 satellite:

1. To test LTO launching technology;

2. To test the circumlunar technology at 100km orbit;

3. To test orbit maneuver technology for landing;

4. To develop high-resolution observation camera.

#### China's Lunar Exploration Program-Second stage



Progression of CE-2 Oct. 2008, Chang'e-2 mission was approved to implement.

<u>Oct. 1<sup>st</sup>2010</u>, Chang'e-2 satellite was launched in XiChang launch Center, and entering into orbit precisely.

<u>Oct. 2nd, 2010</u>, Chang'e-2 finish its first mid-way correction.

<u>June. 2010</u>, Chang'e-2 succeed in  $i_{21}$ s first perilune brake.

嫦娥二号虹湾局部影像图

月球虹湾局 部影像图由嫦娥 二号卫星CCD相 机拍摄, 经辐射、 光度、几何等校 正处理后制作而 成。成像时间为 2010年10月28日 18时25分,卫星 距月面约18.7千 米,像元分辨率 约1.3米。影像图 中心位置为西经 31°3'、北纬43°4'、 对应月面东西宽 约8.0千米,南北 长约15.9千米。该 区域表面较平坦, 由玄武岩质的月 壤覆盖,分布有 不同大小的环形 坑和石块,其中 最大的环形坑直 径约2.0千米。

31°10'W 3110W China's Lunar Exploration Program-Second stage

On Oct. 27-29 2010, Chang'e-2 satellite made image of part of Sinus Iridum area. Chang'e-2 mission successfully complete.

编号: CE-2 TA001

影像位置示意图

比例尺。\_\_\_\_

1000m

发布日期: 2010年11月8日



## China's Lunar Exploration Program-Second stage

taking picture of developing the wings by camera on the satellite

taking picture of retrofire when the satellite on lunar orbit 100km far from lunar face

on Oct. 1st 2010, 19:59 taking picture of developing directional antenna



2011/9/13

# China's Lunar Exploration Program-

## Landing



Chang'e-3 Mission: around 2013 Landing and Roving Exploration

#### Main Tasks:

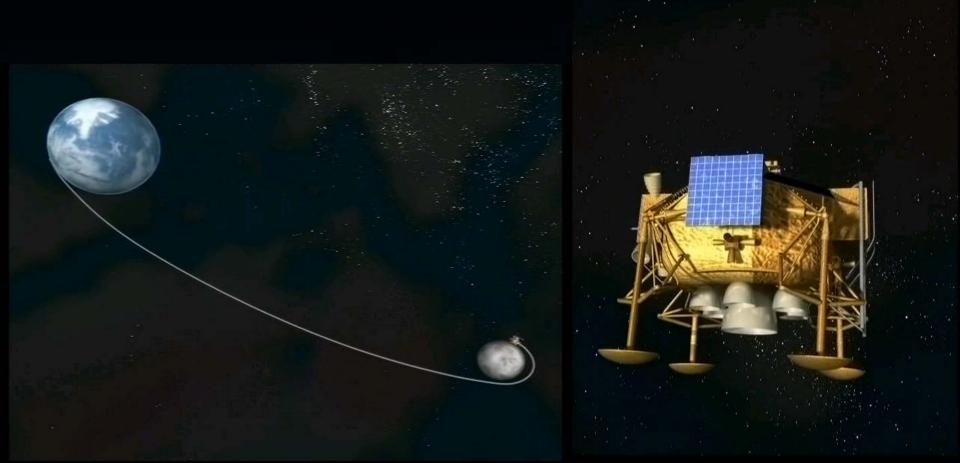
- To launch lunar lander;
- To launch lunar rover;
- To make precise probe to landing site.

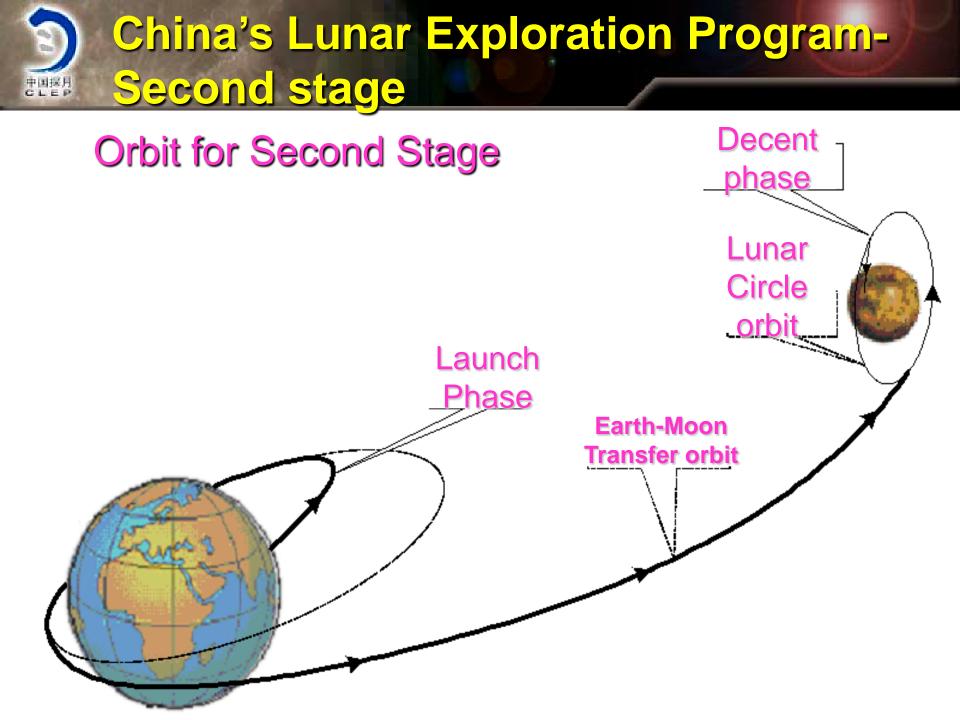
#### Life Time:

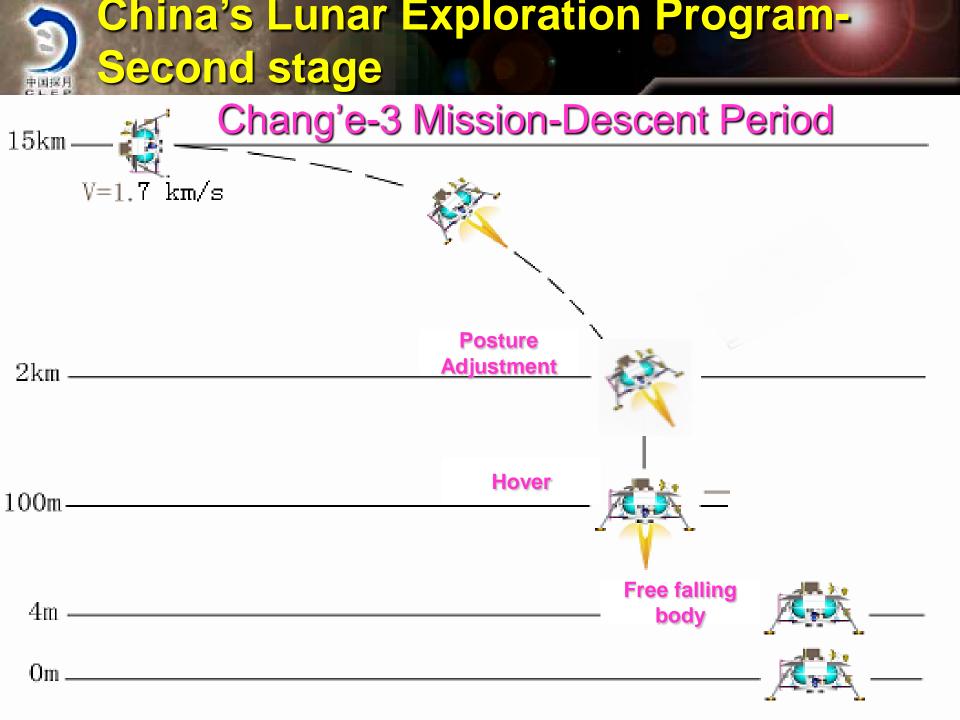
Realization of landing and roving on lunar surface marks success of the program. 24

# China's Lunar Exploration Program-

# Chang'e-3 Mission: Satellite will be directly carried to earth-moon transfer orbit.







# Second stage

# **Chang'e-3 Satellite**

Till now, some key technologies of Chang'e-3 mission has been tackled. Now the initial production is being developed.



#### **Chang'e-4 Mission**

#### Chang'e-4 is the backup of Chang'e-3 mission



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## Schina's Lunar Exploration Program-Third stage



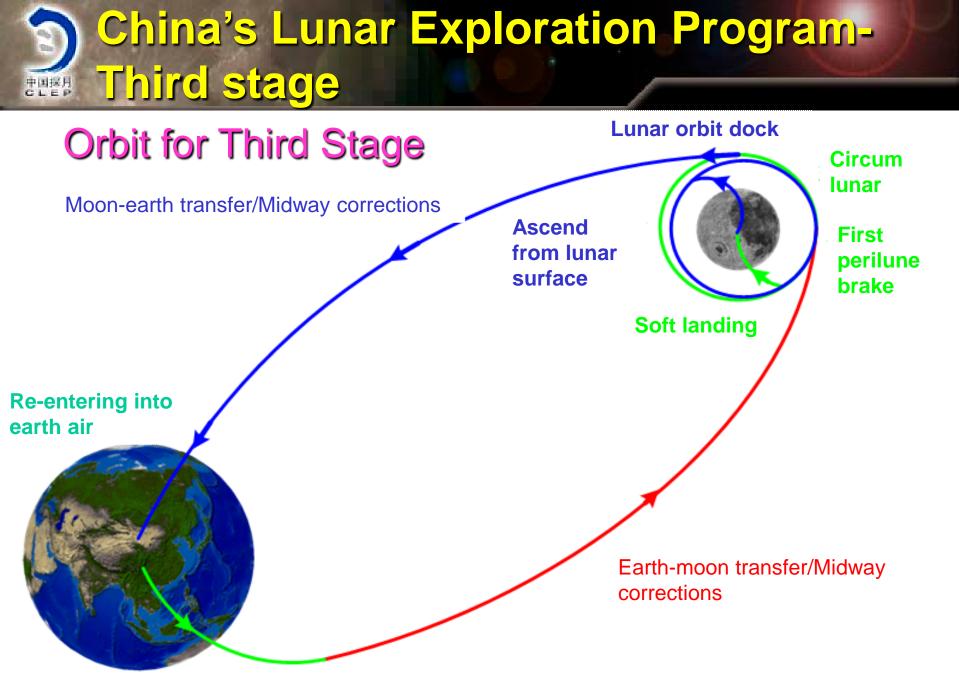




# Sampling and Returning mission for the first time

Main tasks:

- Develop a small capsule for sampling and returning, a lunar surface drilling machine, a sampler, a robot arm etc.
- Sample and return to the earth based on the on-site analysis
- Investigate into the landing area
- Deepen the understanding of origin and evolution of the moon-earth system



**Directly launched in to earth-moon transfer orbit** 

# Thanks!