

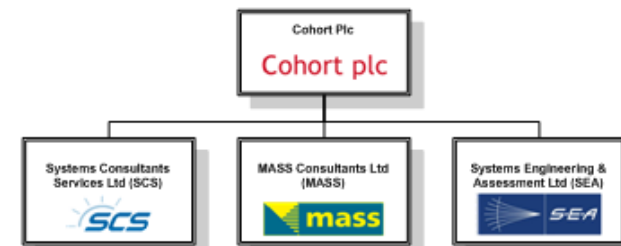


Systems Engineering & Assessment Ltd: Improving Space Radar Instrument Performance Using Precision Transponders

Dr. Alan Fromberg
Ground systems Programme Manager,
Systems Engineering & Assessment Ltd

SEA House, Building 660 The Gardens
Bristol Business Park, Coldharbour Lane,
Bristol BS16 1EJ
United Kingdom

Email: alan.fromberg@sea.co.uk
Tel: +44 1373 852 174



Topics for This Presentation

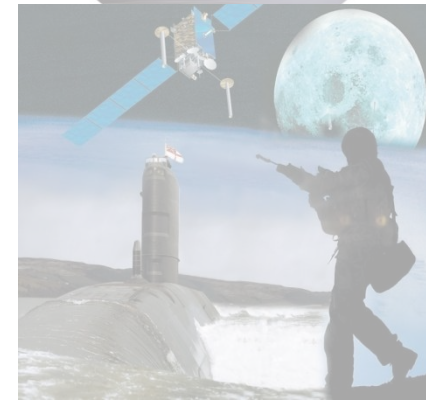


- **Systems Engineering and Assessment Ltd**
 - Who we are and what we do
 - Our preferred ways of collaborating
- **Transponder technologies**
 - Synthesised scattering targets to assure accurate radiometric calibration of space based radars
 - Underlying backend can also be used as test equipment as part of radar calibration before launch.
 - Much cheaper compact phase stable units as an alternative to corner reflectors to provide coherent targets for SAR Interferometry

SEA Overview



- Provider of specialist electronic systems for the Defence, Space and Transport markets
- Approx 250 Staff - >80% professional engineers qualified to degree level or above
- Offices in Beckington and Bristol
- Six core areas of capability
 - High reliability systems for Space applications
 - Training, simulation and information systems
 - Communications
 - Research & Consultation
 - Managed Services
 - Sensor Processing Products



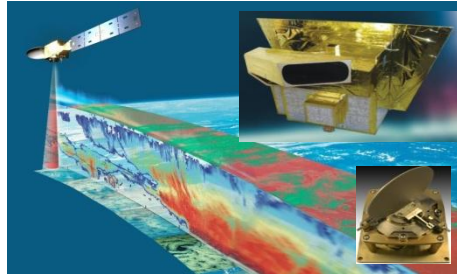
SEA From submarines to space



data recorders &
wireless sensing
for equipment
monitoring



Space flight
instruments and
electronics



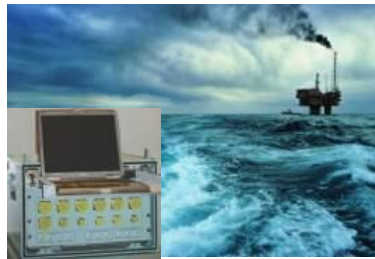
digital traffic
enforcement



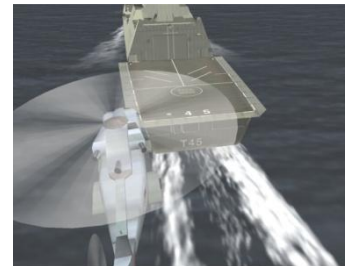
Test and
Calibration
equipment



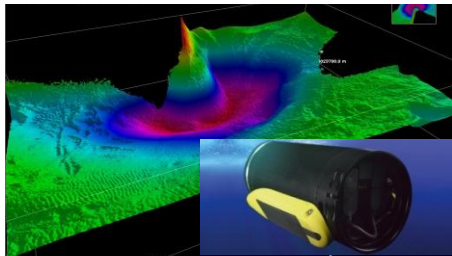
novel sensor
networks



Simulation &
visualisation of
complex systems



Sonar systems for
sub-sea survey



Sensor data
capture, &
communications



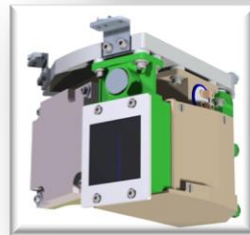
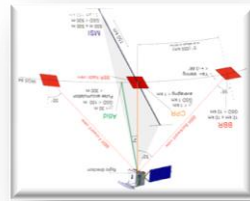
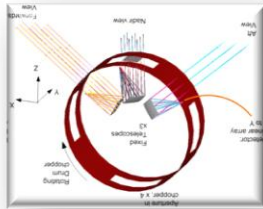
Space flight Capability



High reliability systems for space applications

Space Instruments

- BroadBand Radiometer



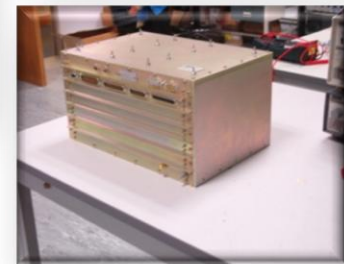
Interface units for use on satellites and satellite instruments, including flight verified SpaceWire implementation

- Bepi Colombo
- Earthcare



Technology Development

- MEMS rate sensors / accelerometer
- RF Wireless
- Space nuclear (thermal) power sources
- Contactless power and data transfer
- Bio-containment technologies



Collaboration to Mutual Benefit



- **Assembling the right team to deliver a custom solution**
 - EarthCARE Broadband Radiometer with Rutherford Appleton Laboratories, Scisys, ESTL & Sula,
 - MEMS Rate Sensor with Atlantic Inertial systems & Selex Galileo
 - RF Wireless with Astrium SAS, Swedish Space Corporation University of Bristol and Agusta Westland
 - Space Nuclear Power with National Nuclear Labs, Dalton Institute, University of Leicester, University of Oxford and RAL
 - MSR Sample Receiving Facility and PP Research with Health Protection Agency, Bovis Lendlease, Natural History Museum, Open University and Imperial College London
 - Passive microwave radiometer elements with Astrium UK, JRC Systems, RAL, RPG
- **We are open to working together for a common interest**
 - Perhaps we could be working with you?

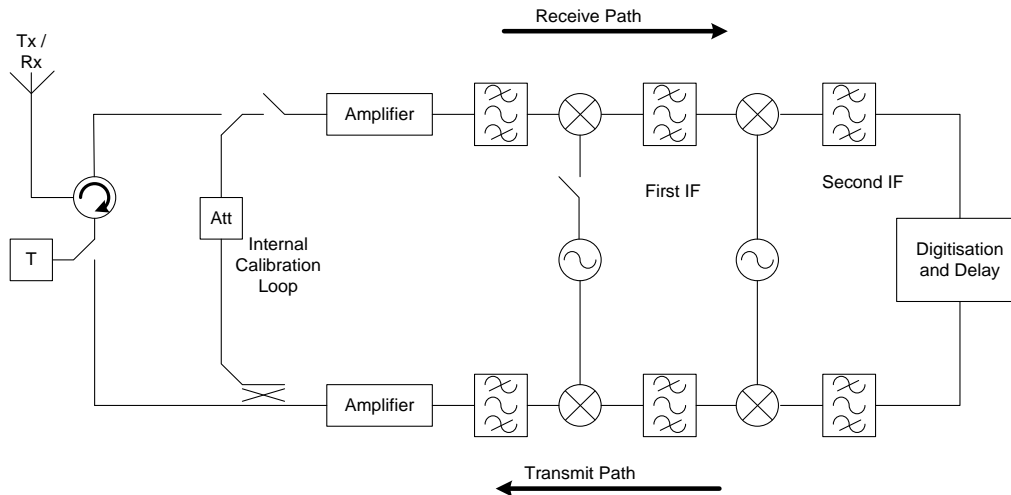
Radar Calibration Transponders



- **Provide a simulated target for use in calibrating radar instruments**
 - Capable of providing radar cross section of $>100\text{dBm}^2$
 - Capture and record received chirp
 - Potential to delay, modify or substitute with test signals
- **Very powerful tool to characterise**
 - Radar electronics degradation
 - Antenna pattern changes
 - Atmospheric effects
- **Relatively cheap infrastructure on the ground to improve radar performance**
- **Complimentary to ground test equipment**



Architecture Principles

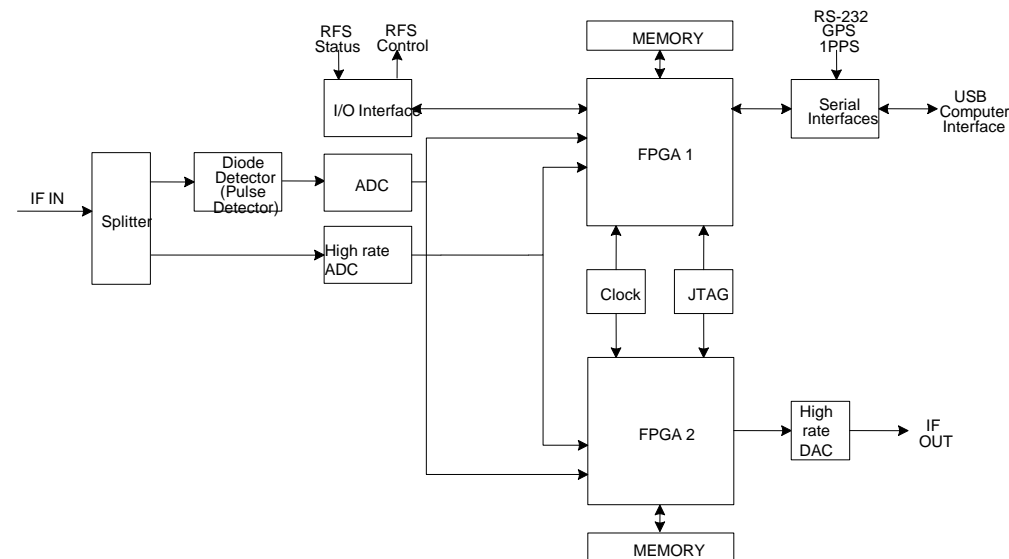


- **Instrument specific front end**

- receiving antenna,
- receiver & down converter
- transmitter & up converter
- transmitting antenna

- **Digital back end**

- Time synchronisation
- Pulse detection & capture
- Pulse characterisation, manipulation & retransmission
- Generation of test signals
- Monitoring and Control

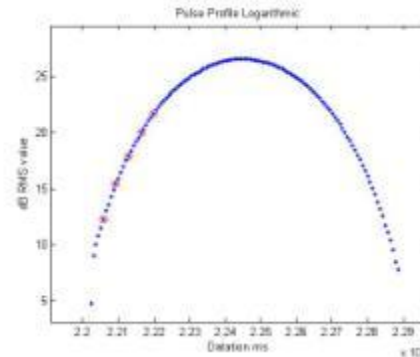
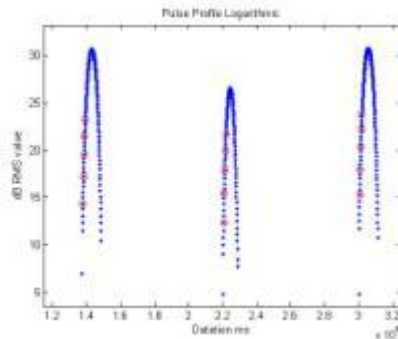
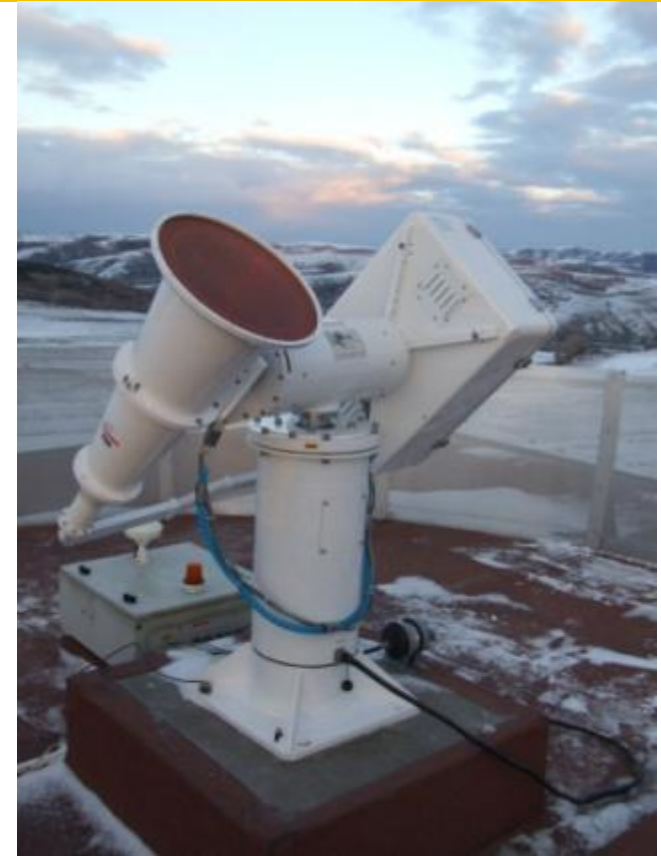


MetOp advanced scatterometer: calibration transponders



Operational Calibration Transponders

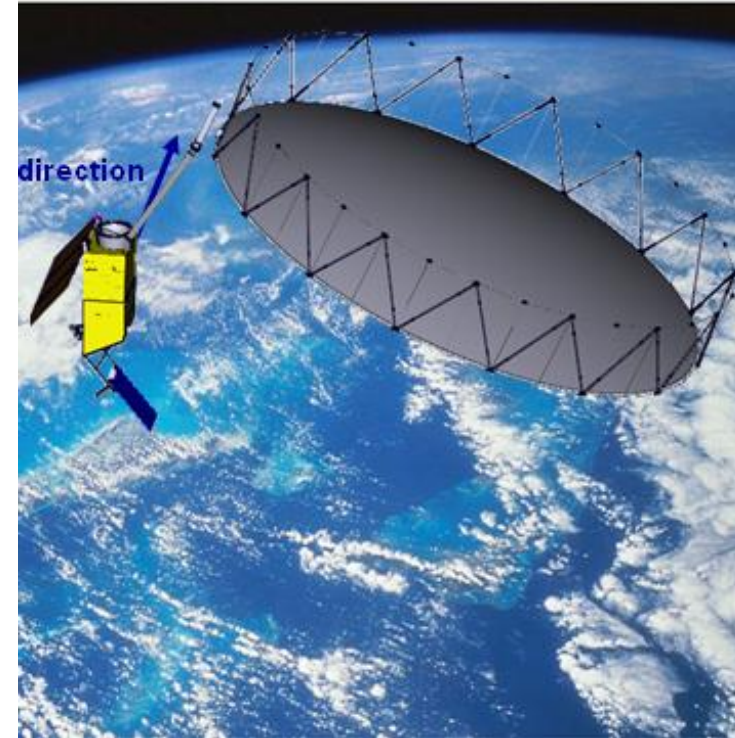
- three ground stations deployed across Turkey
- operational since April 2007
- autonomous operations; remote diagnostics via internet
- **Achieved Amplitude stability is $98.10 \pm 0.05 \text{ dBm}^2$**
 - Four times better than specification
 - Orders of magnitude better than ground targets
- **Met product quality/fidelity exceed those of US equivalent satellites.**
- Post Delivery Support to EumetSat for life of MetOp satellites



BIOMASS & COREH₂O Calibration



- **SEA are developing both external calibration concepts**
- **BIOMASS (P Band for vegetation)**
 - Very large antenna will offer calibration challenge for characterisation
 - Specific approach required to solve Ionospheric disturbance problems
 - Dual frequency approach (similar to GPS) being studied
 - Direct measurement using top side sounder would exceed mass budget
 - Approach potentially applicable for L band
- **COREH₂O (Ku & X for snow & ice)**
 - Antenna sizes much more manageable
 - Site selection to optimise performance (atmospheric humidity & precipitation)

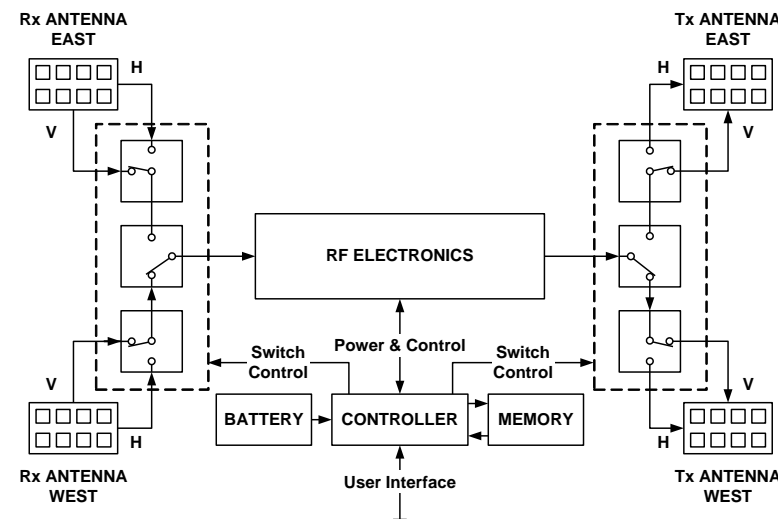


Artists impression of BIOMASS:
Some change in antenna pattern might reasonably be anticipated through in-orbit lifetime!

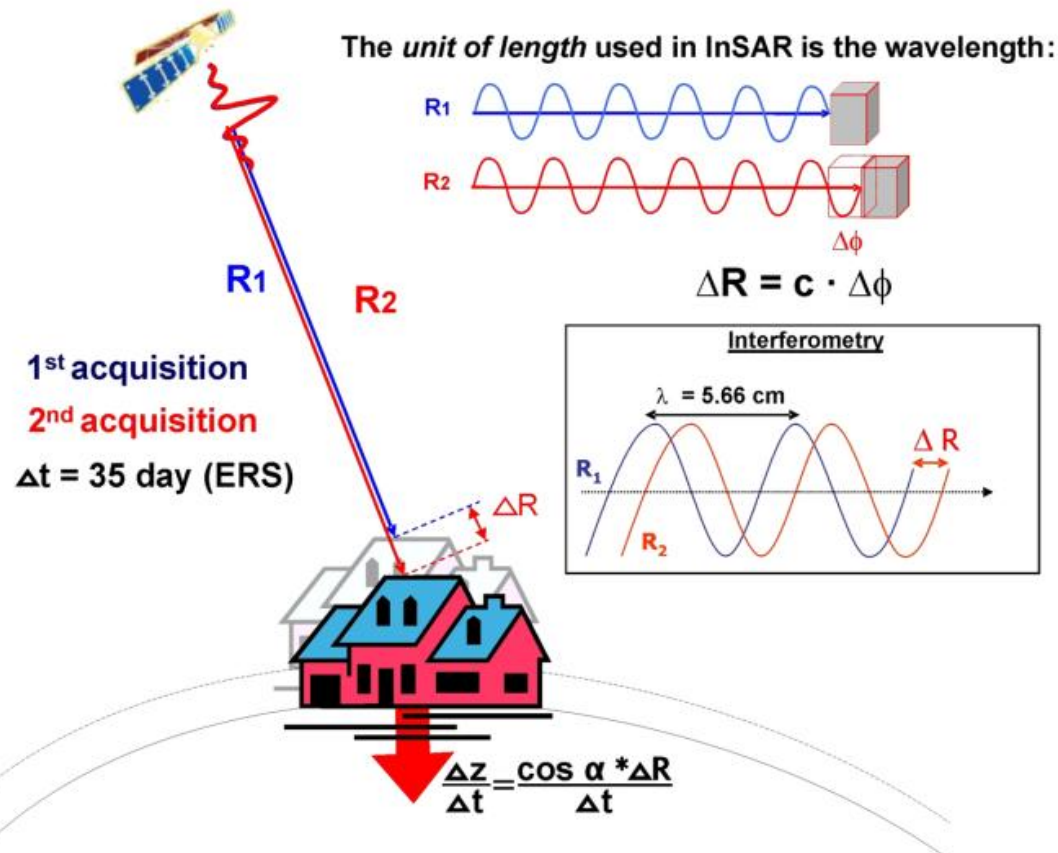
ReflecX Compact Active transponder



- **Low cost, smaller alternative to corner reflectors for use in Synthetic Aperture Radar Interferometry (InSAR) at C-band**
 - 45cm long and 1/10th of the weight of an equivalent corner reflector (32dBm²)
- **Used for landslide monitoring, highway & reservoir subsidence, pipelines etc**
- **Several field trials have confirmed phase stability, and robust for >18months**
- **I²GPS EU-FP7 project has integrated a CAT with a GPS receiver**
 - Targeting pre-cursors to mass debris flows in Slovenian Alps
 - Technology permits simultaneous measurements, phase centres referred to a common geodetic reference



Persistent Scatterer Interferometry & Compact Active Transponders



- SAR interferometry identifies radar line of sight displacements of <5mm
- Between radar satellite overpasses
- Needs reliable persistent scatterers



- Compact Active Transponders mimic the response of a much larger target
- Have easily identifiable phase centre as a reference for a common baseline with other surveys

Example From Previous Trial



- **Units need to be installed in the zone of interest.**
 - With clear line of sight to satellite (30-70°, East-West)
 - Mounted securely to “the target”
 - One reference device off the area of instability
- **Typical duration 6-12 months**
 - Periodic visits to reprogramme CATS and clear vegetation
 - Aperiodic visits within 24day window if anomalies seen
- **Potential issues/ hazards**
 - Radio interference at 5.4GHz
 - Trip hazard can be protected by non-conductive fence if needed
 - Power supply is 6V battery, so no shock risk



Corner Reflectors versus Compact Active Transponders



- **Corner Reflectors**
 - Typically large metal tri-hedrals
 - Need to be tightly aligned (thermal distortions, birds nests and theft present a problem)
 - Inherently phase stable
- **Compact Active Transponders**
 - Much smaller than their effective radar cross-section
 - Have to include clever electronics to stay phase stable
 - Electronics currently only available at C-band (Envisat, Radarsat, Sentinel1)



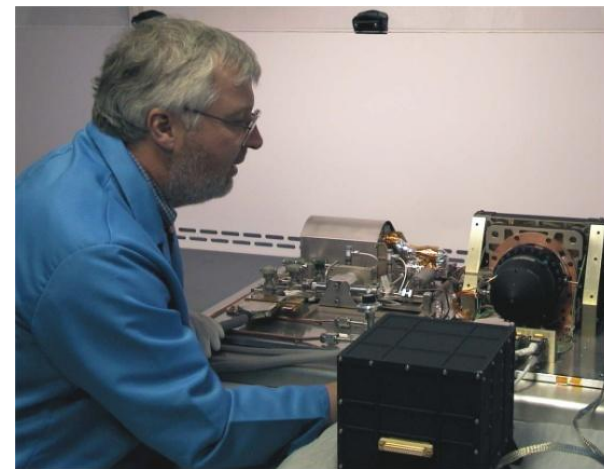
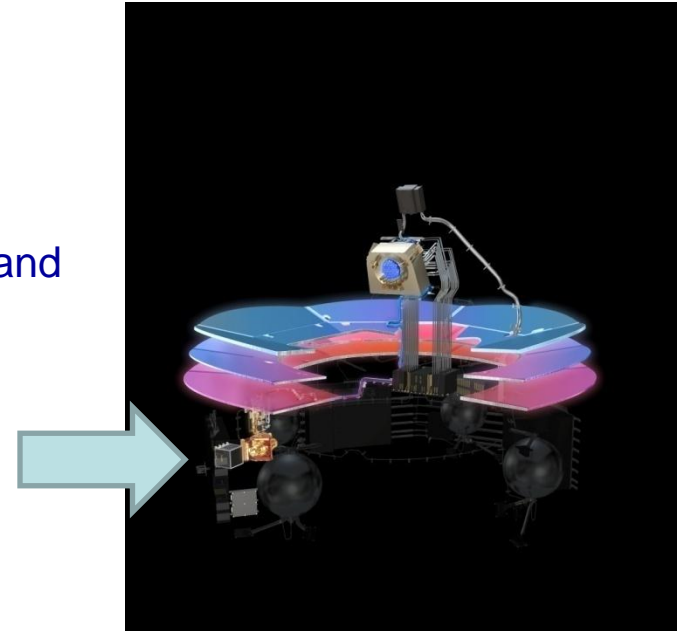
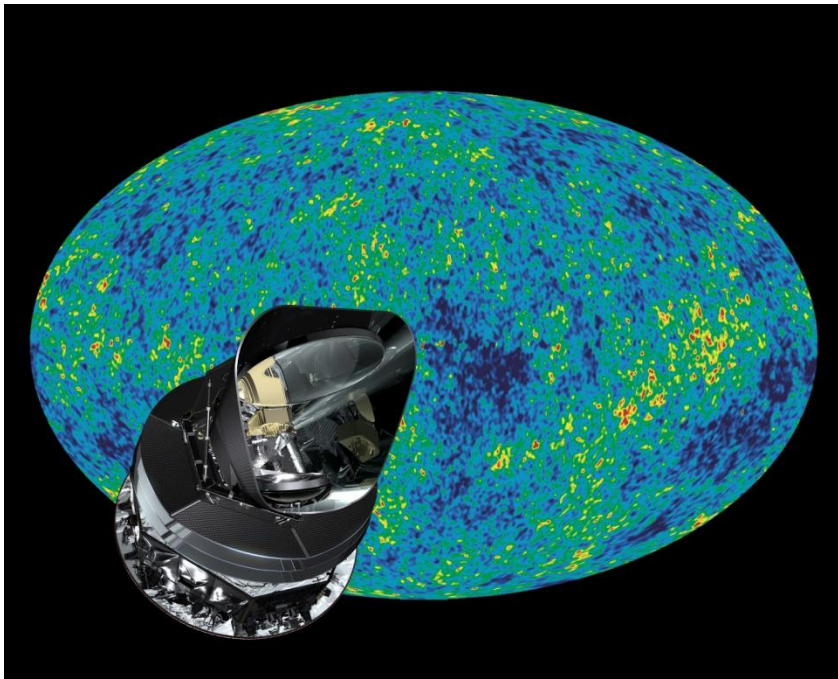
Thank you for your attention



Example : Planck 4K cooler drive electronics



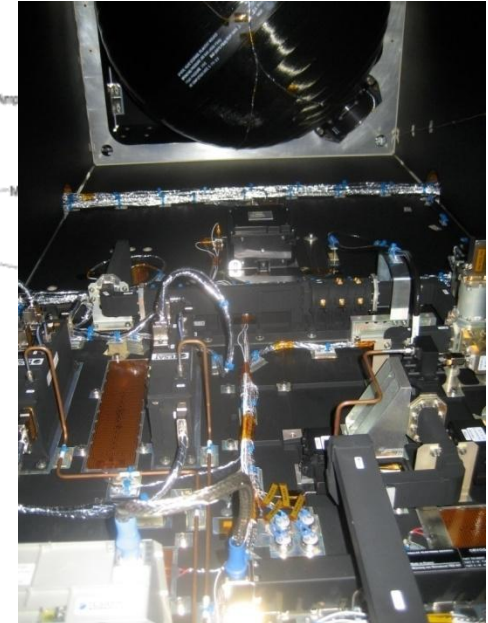
- Critical Equipment (SPF) on €600M space mission
- Operational in orbit since May 2009 and performing a factor of x2 better than specification on vibration cancellation.
- SEA developed hardware, software, system analysis and build



'SiREUS' MEMS rate sensor



- Specialised 'gyro' for satellites used to point antennas/ instruments at target areas. Historically have been expensive and heavy ring-laser units.
- Improvements in star-reference systems provide scope for new technology based on well-proven "MEMS" technology.
- SEA-led development programme funded by ESA (€4M) special sensor technology > x10 better than 'best available' Now a Selex 'standard product'
- Currently flying on CryoSat 2 strong interest Worldwide



	MEMS	Ring laser
Mass	700g	3-4Kgs
Power	5W	35W
Exportability	No restriction	US ITAR
Cost	€200k	€500k



MSR Sample Receiving Facility



- **Objectives**

- Prove samples offer minimal Biohazard prior to transfer to Scientific Curation Facility(ies) (COSPAR requirement) **and**
- Protect scientific integrity of samples (scientific requirement)

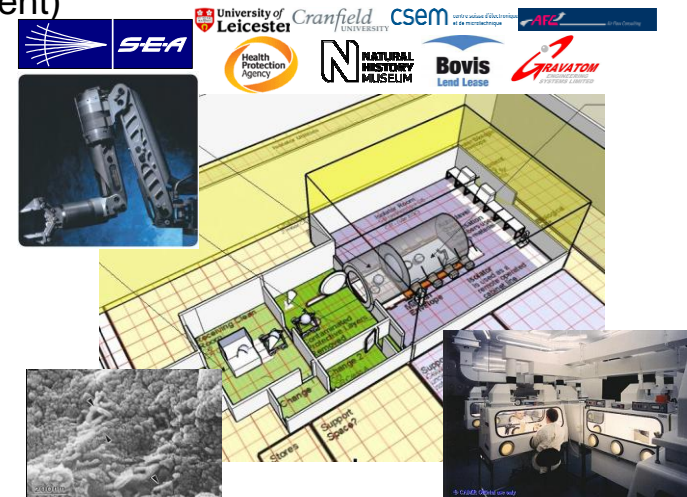
- **Teaming**

- Health Protection Agency
- Universities
- Natural History Museum
- Specialist architects for sterile/secure facilities
- Robotics and remote manipulations experts

- **Summary**

- Requirements and preliminary design
- Ran a very successful workshop at ESTEC
 - Space (PP) Scientific & Biocontainment communities;
 - Addressed opening, curation and biohazard assessment;
 - Critically assessed requirements & identified key issues.
- Robotic handling preferred to suited laboratories for sample level manipulation
- For cost-effectiveness should be co-located with (or enclosed within) a BSL4 facility
- Sample opening requirements should be placed on the MSR biocontainer sealing system

- **Participation in EU workshop/ESA-UK Space Agency workshop etc**



RF wireless: summary



- **Benefit/ Proposition**

- high integrity wireless sensors for difficult environments
- very low power sensor networks, connectivity to standards
- ITAR free and radiation tolerant
- not 'COTS' - high integrity and power reduced

- **Innovations/ Technology**

- network architectures, topology and standards implementation
- hardening and validation of wireless available IP cores

- **Financing**

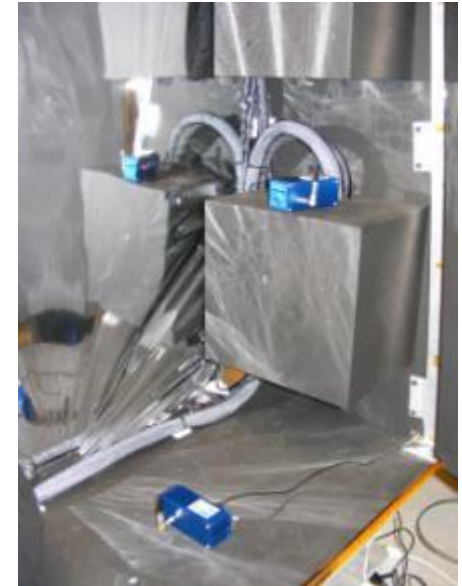
- ESA (>£1M) fully funded contract with 'hard' deliverables,

- **Exploitation**

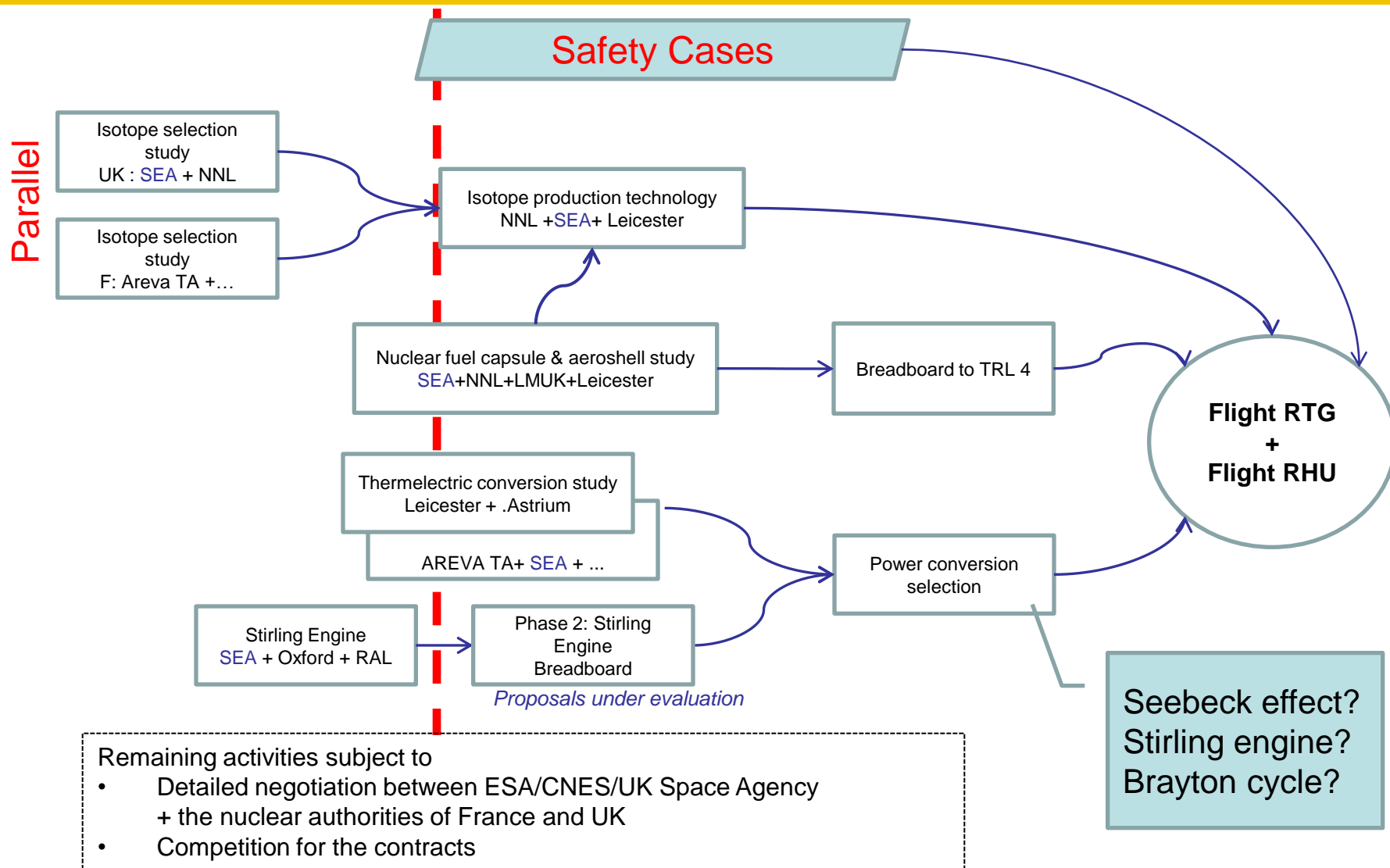
- high integrity integration, test and flight environments
- medical and nuclear applications

- **Parallel/ complementary developments**

- wireless usage monitoring (for landing gear fatigue)
- wireless fuel gauging (wing tanks)
- high performance, low power MEMS sensors



Space Nuclear Power - Roadmap



Contactless Power and Data Transfer

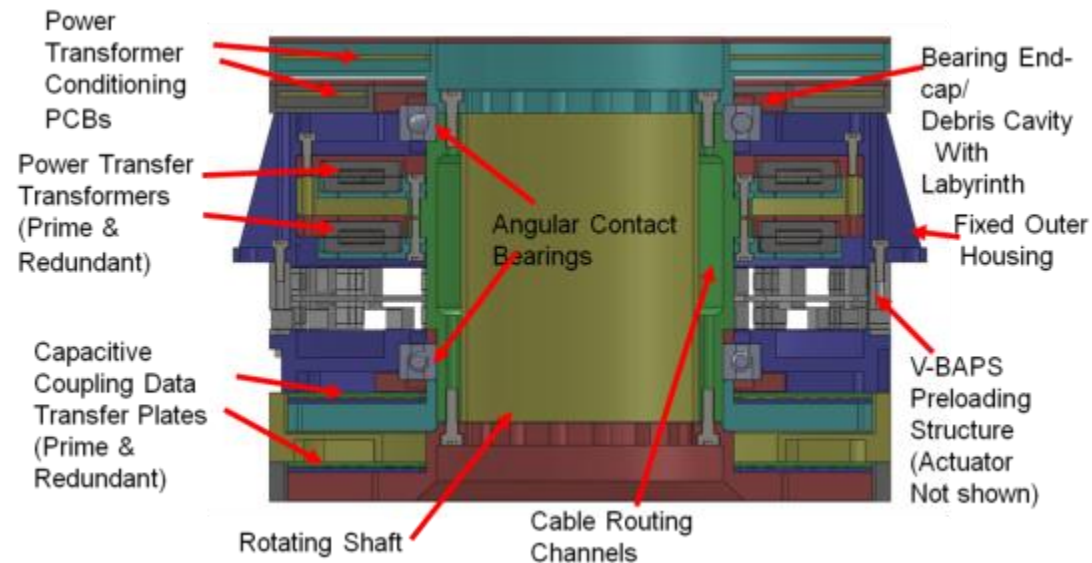


- **Key requirements**

- Transfer 200W power with >95% efficiency
- Full duplex data transfer at 5Mbits/s with a BER of 10⁻⁹
- Mass, 8kg maximum
- Envelope:
 - External diameter Ø250mm max
 - Central clearance through hole Ø50mm min
 - Height 250mm max

- **Application**

- Rotating instruments such as MWI/ICI for MetOp 2G



- Development Team
SEA, ESR, Sula Systems